South African Genealogy Primer An e-guide for the neophyte

Janet Melville and Delia Robertson November 2002

Important Notes:

- Any <u>underlined blue header or text</u> is a hyperlink and if you place your cursor over it and right-click, you will be able to launch it in your browser.
- This primer is intended to help you pursue your own research and <u>is not</u> an offer by either Janet Melville or Delia Robertson to undertake research tasks on your behalf.

<u>Introduction:</u> This primer applies to the political area which is currently the Republic of South Africa. It does not address research information for any other African country, including neighbouring states such as Namibia (formerely South West Africa), Zimbabwe (formerely Rhodesia and Southern Rhodesia), and Zambia (formerely Northern Rhodesia); nor any further afield such as Malawi (formerely Nyassaland) and Kenya.

- 1. <u>Getting Started</u>. You always start with the known and so you will begin by completing a <u>Family Group Sheet</u> (a sample appears below) for yourself, and if applicable, one each for your spouse and children. Then prepare one for *each* individual in all of the family groups in your immediate family: parents, grandparents, your siblings, your children, etc.
 - a. <u>First</u>. Be sure to fill in as much detail as possible. For example, if the birth occurred in a hospital, its name, address, etc. For baptisms, marriages, include the church and its address. This will be of great help when you later research these details.
 - b. <u>Second</u>. Where possible, consult the individuals concerned to ensure that the details you are recording are as accurate as possible.
 - c. <u>Third</u>. If documents such as birth, marriage, death and baptism certificates are available, ask if you may photocopy them for your files.
 - d. <u>Fourth</u>. The same applies to informal sources such as diaries, photographs, birthday books, newspaper clips, etc.
- 2. <u>The Next Level</u>. Once you have done this you can broaden your search. In South Africa the following are most commonly used as sources for genealogical research:
 - a. The **Death Notice** (see attached briefing paper which includes an example) is the source most widely used to identify further areas of research in South Africa and beyond its borders.
 - b. <u>Church records and registers.</u> The researcher needs to bear in mind that early settlers often stepped outside the traditional family religion, either temporarily or permanently. For one thing, churches were often few and far between, and so regardless of denomination they made use of the nearest church for their religious rites. You might therefore find the baptism or marriage of your elusive ancestor in a church of a different denomination either to that of the family in the ancestral country or to that preferred by subsequent generations. This practice also transcended language preferences, so that your English speaking ancestor may have been baptised or married in a traditionally Dutch or Afrikaans church and vice versa.

For example, in the Dutch Reformed Church in Middelburg, Cape you will find most of the early English names such as Biggs, Gilfillan, Green, Bennie, Cawood, etc. And, in Grahamstown you find plenty of Boer baptisms in the Anglican Church of St. Michael and St. George.

- i. Contents of church records/registers.
 - a. <u>**Baptism certificates**</u> will usually contain the names of the parents as well as witnesses. Sometimes they include a date of birth.
 - b. <u>Marriage certificates</u> will generally include the full names of both bride and groom, in the case of the bride her maiden name and also witnesses. Often the place of residence of each appears and in the case of minors, the name of the consenting parent.
 - c. <u>Membership records</u>. These are generally only available in the case of the Reformed religions and provide the name of the individual and a membership date.
- ii. The following is a list of **major religious denominations** which established churches in what is now South Africa, but it is not comprehensive.
 - a. <u>Catholic Church</u>. Most parishes keep their own registers. If a church is closed, the registers will have been transferred to the nearest cathedral.
 - b. <u>Anglican Church (Church of the Province of South Africa)</u>. The "official" archive is held at the Cullen Library, University of Witwatersrand, Johannesburg. But there are also some provincial archives. Some early Cape records (military chaplain 1806-1930) have been filmed by the LDS. The LDS is filming all Anglican records.
 - c. <u>Church of England</u>. According to the church website Registers and records are maintained as follows: At each church the minister has to keep the following registers and records. For security they should be in a safe provided by the church council:
 - Record of Service Register. The Record of Services Register has to be completed and signed by the officiating minister and preacher after each service under the supervision of the churchwardens and kept in the vestry for perusal by the Bishop, or other authorised official.
 - Register of Baptisms.
 - Register of Confirmations.
 - Membership registers.
 - Marriage registers. In terms of the Marriage Act, the Marriage Officer has to keep a register of those whom he has married and if he is moved to another church, the register goes with him. In order that churches may have a record of who has been married in them, they may keep their own register as well.
 - d. <u>Presbyterian Church</u>. The Presbyterian registers are kept at the Cory Library for Historical Research at Rhodes University in Grahamstown.
 - e. <u>Methodist Church</u>. The Methodist registers are kept at the Cory Library for Historical Research at Rhodes University in Grahamstown.
 - f. <u>Dutch Reformed Church</u>. Baptism, marriage and membership registers. Most been filmed by the LDS and as of the year 2002, filming continues.
 - g. <u>The Lutheran Evangelical Church</u>. The oldest church in Cape Town. Records up to 1889/1890 are kept at the Cape Archives. Records of marriages from 1890 and of baptisms from 1898 are kept at the church.
 - h. <u>The Evangelical Lutheran Church in Southern Africa/Cape</u> <u>Church</u>. Contact the relevant congregation. See address list.
- c. <u>Official Civil Records.</u> The dates in the table below reflect the start of official civil registration in the various jurisdictions in South Africa. There are some Cape birth registrations for the period 1880 to 1895 but these are not comprehensive.

Researchers should note that the area which in the year 2002 is South Africa has not always been one "country". This has meant many changes in both place names and jurisdictions. A <u>South African Timeline</u> can be found at Dick Whitlock's <u>Whit's End</u> website but researchers are encouraged to acquire at least one comprehensive and current volume of South African history for their personal library.

Area of Jurisdiction	Births	Marriages	Deaths
Cape Colony	1895	1700	1895
Orange Free State	1903	1848	1903
Natal	1868	1845	1888
Transvaal	1901	1870	1901

- d. <u>Military Records</u>. Records of service going back to WWI can be obtained from the S.A. National Defence Force. You do need to provide full names and date of birth and, if possible, a service number. See address list.
- e. <u>**Civil Service Records**</u>. The following are some civil service records which are available for research. The list is not comprehensive.
 - i. <u>Cape Government Railways</u>. An inventory of the Archives of the General Manager and Executive Officials, 1873 1916 which contain staff registers, date, location and wages for each position is archived at the National Archives in Pretoria.
- f. <u>Police Records</u>. It is possible to obtain the service records of police officers. See address list.
- g. <u>Immigration Records</u>. From 1652 to 1900 there were several different waves of immigration from Europe and the British Isles including several assisted or aided immigration programs which brought immigrants to these shores. These included:
 - i. French Huguenots who fled religious persecution in France. There is an active society of their descendants and a <u>Name List</u> at the Society <u>website</u>.
 - ii. Several British programs including the so-called 1820 Settlers, a list of whom can be found at Len Stratford's <u>1820 Settlers</u> website.
 - iii. German Immigrants Online indexed list of Germans in Kaffraria.
- h. <u>Ship Passenger Lists</u>. Very few ships passenger lists either to or from South Africa have been transcribed. However, you will find some lists at the following websites.
 - i. Pat Smith's Passenger Lists.
 - ii. Heather McAlister's Passenger Lists.
 - iii. Union Castle Line
- i. <u>Maps</u>. A basic and essential tool for genealogists is a detailed map of the area which you are researching. If political and jurisdictional changes have occurred during the period you are researching, you will need a variety of maps. These days it is possible to find all kinds of maps and gazetteers on the internet. The following is a brief list of online maps.
 - i. <u>S.A. Demarcation Board</u> all kinds of useful mapping tools
 - ii. Mulitimap
 - iii. MapQuest
 - iv. <u>Ananzi M</u>aps
 - v. Braby's
- j. <u>Monumental Inscriptions</u>. Many cemeteries in South Africa have been recorded and a number of organizations have transcription records. However, the largest collection of monumental inscriptions is available from the <u>GSSA</u>.
- 3. Places to pursue your research:
 - a. <u>National Archives of South Africa (NASA)</u>. The custodian of most archived official records and therefore a rich resource for the genealogist. There are five major depots: Pretoria, Cape Town, Bloemfontein, Pietermaritzburg, and Grahamstown. Estate files containing Death Notices are one of the most common types of file used by genealogists. You can familiarize yourself with the type of records available and where they are held at the <u>NASA</u> website. You can also search the index online.
 - b. South African Department of Home Affairs: For civil documents such as birth, marriage and death certificates. You will need precise information, such as full names and complete dates, to order a certificate. Genealogists are advised to order a vault copy of any document you order. If in South Africa apply at your nearest Home Affairs office, if abroad at the nearest South African Embassy or Consulate.

See address list.

- c. <u>The Master of the High Court (prev. Master of the Supreme Court)</u>. More recent estate files (with Death Notices) can be found at the Master's office in the jurisdiction where the death occurred.
- d. Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints (Mormon Chuch). The LDS has filmed a wide variety of South African records including Death Notices up to 1950, Dutch Reformed Church baptism, marriage and membership registers, Methodist registers, and so on. Check out the church's <u>website</u> and search the online catalogue for further information. Films may be ordered through and viewed at the LDS Family History Centre near you. For the centres in South Africa, see the "useful addresses" section below. For those in other countries, check the LDS online.
- d. <u>Published genealogies</u>. Before inventing the wheel again find out what has already been published. There are a number of generic genealogies as well a books related to specific families or branches of families. In addition the <u>Genealogical Society of South Africa's</u> quarterly journal, *Familia*, as well as branch journals such as *Capenses*, has published full or partial genealogies. There is also a wide range of published material that will broaden your knowledge of South Africa and even assist you directly in your research. See list of publications.
- e. <u>Are other genealogists researching your family?</u> There may be other people working on the same family(ies) you are. One way of checking is to consult the South African Genealogical Reference Guide available from the <u>Genealogical Society of South Africa</u>. There are also *who-is-researching-whom* lists available on the internet. Check these out:
 - i. <u>Conrod Mercer's Surnames Interest Page</u>
 - ii. Anne Lehmkuhl's List of researchers from the GenForum group
 - iii. Heather McAlister's Home Pages and Special Interests List
- f. <u>Libraries</u>: Many South African libraries have collections that include biography, genealogy, local history and other holdings that can be a goldmine for the genealogical researcher. For example the Port Elizabeth library has old field cornetcy maps dating from way back in 1850 which contain the names of farms and their owners. See address list.
- g. <u>Genealogical and Family History Societies</u>: Apart from the <u>Genealogical Society</u> of <u>South Africa</u> there are several other societies as well as a number of family history societies and other special interest groups. Some researchers derive benefit from membership in societies, others find that contact with other researchers on the internet and by correspondence is more useful. See the address list.
- h. <u>Online genealogy discussion</u>. There are several email discussion lists which deal with South African genealogy and history. To find out more visit the South Africa page at <u>Cyndis List</u> and do a search at <u>Rootsweb</u> for any lists related to South Africa.

USEFUL BOOKS

This list is a small sampling of what is available.

Boucher, M.: French speakers at the Cape in the first hundred years of Dutch East India Company rule.

Bull, E.: Aided immigration from Britain to South Africa, 1857-1867.

Cilliers, B.: **Genealogieë van die Afrikaner Families in Natal**. Some copies may still be available from the author.

De Villiers, C.C. and Pama, C.: Geslagregisters van ou Kaapse Families, Vols. I-III. Out of print.

Dickason, GB: Irish Settlers to the Cape.

Dickason, G.B.: A history of the Clanwilliam 1820 Settlers from Cork Harbour.

Genealogical Institute of South Africa – GISA: South African Genealogies, Vols V-VII

Heese, J.A.: Die Herkoms van die Afrikaner, 1657-1867.

Hockly, F.W: The Story of the British Settlers of 1820 in South Afiica.

Hoge, J.: Bydraes tot die Genealogie van ou Afrikaanse Families.

Hoge, J.: Personalia of the Germans at the Cape, 1652-1806.

Kannemeyer, A.F.: Hugenote Fainilieboek.

Lombard, R.T.J. and Heese, J.A.: South Afiican Genealogies, Vols I-IV. Available from GISA.

Lombard, R.T.J.: Handbook for Genealogical Research in South Africa Malberbe, D.F.: Stamregister van die Suid-Afiikaanse Volk. Morse-Jones, E.: The Role of the British Settlers in South Afiica. Nash, M.D.: The Settler Handbook – An excellent volume on the 1820 Settlers. Pama, C.: Die Groot Afiikaanse Famlienaamboek. Philip, P.: British Residents at the Cape, 1795-1819. Redelinghuys, J.H.: Die Afrikaner-Familienaamboek. Schnell, E.L.G.: For Men Must Work, German Military Settlers. SpenceR, Shelagh O'Byrne: British Settlers in Natal, Vols. I – VII Standard Encyclopaedia of Southern Afiica (SESA). Dictionary of South Afiican Biography, Vols. I – V. Some volumes can still be purchased from GISA

As indicated several of these publications are available from the <u>Genealogical Institute of South Africa</u> (<u>GISA</u>). Check the Institute's online catalogue for a complete list of items they have for sale.

Journals:

Familia: Quarterly Journal of the <u>Genealogical Society of South Afiica</u>. **Capensis**: Quarterly Journal of the Western Cape branch of the GSSA.

USEFUL ADDRESSES

Churches

N.G. Kerk Archives (Free State) P O Box 398 9301 Bloemfontein, South Africa Tel: +27-51-448-9546 Email: <u>Mrs C. Botes</u>, Archivist

<u>N.G. Kerk Archives</u> P O Box 3171 8000 Cape Town, South Africa

Tel: +27-21-424-9131 Fax: +27-21-423-2745

The Church of the Province of South Africa (Anglican)

The Methodist Church of South Africa

Contact list of Methodist districts.

The Evangelical Lutheran Church in Southern Africa

BISHOP N.J. ROHWER Evangelical Lutheran Church in Southern Africa (Cape Church) 240 Long street 8001 Cape Town, South Africa Tel: +27-21-424-4932 Fax: +27-21-424-9618

PASTOR A.C. BECKER Evangelical Lutheran Gemeente Philippi P.O. Box 32026 7808 Ottery, South Africa

PASTOR J. MEYLAHN Deutsch Evangelical Lutheran Gemeinde Port Elizabeth 33 Luke Avenie P.O. Box 5039 6065 Walmer, South Africa

PASTOR G.GROBE Deutsch Evangelical Lutheran St. Martini Kirchengemeinde 240 Long Street 8001 Cape Town, South Africa Tel: +27-21-423-5947 Fax: +27-21-423-2529

PASTOR M. HAESSIG Evangelical Lutheran St. Paulus Gemeinde P.O. Box 28100 9301 Danhof, South Africa

PASTOR W. LUDEWIG St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Congregation 13 Rattray Road 5201 Dawn/East London, South Africa Tel: +27-43-745-2202 Fax: +27-43-745-2202

PASTOR R. LUTZ St. Andrew's Evangelical Lutheran Congregation 50 Park Avenue 5201 East London, South Africa Tel: +27-43-722-2700 Fax: +27-43-722-2700

PASTOR T. MARIENHAGEN St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Congregation 20 Shone Street 4930 Stutterheim, South Africa Tel: +27-43-683-1432 Fax: +27-43-683-1432

PASTOR F. MEYLAHN Deutsche Evangelical Lutheran Kreuz-Kirchengemeinde 33 Middle Street 7530 Belville, South Africa Tel: +27-21-948-5928 Fax: +27-21-948-5928

PASTOR P. MOLCHIN Evangelical Lutheran St.Petri-Gemeinde Paarl 6 Mill Street 7646 Paarl, South Africa Tel: +27-21-872-4885 Fax: +27-21-872-4885

PASTORIN S. MOOLMAN Deutsche Evangelical Lutheran Gemeinde Stellenbosch u. Somerset West 26 Hofmeyer Street 7600 Stellenbosch, South Africa Tel: +27-021-887-5030 Fax: +27-021-887-5030

PASTOR W. SCHWAR Evangelical Lutheran St. Johannis Gemeinde Wynberg 52 Waterloo Road 7800 Wynberg, South Africa Tel: +27-21-761-1904 Fax: +27-21-761-1904

REV. C. TESSENDORF Evangelical Lutheran Church Strand Street 19 Buitengracht 8001 Cape Town, South Africa Tel: +27-21-421-5854 Fax: +27-21-421-5855

Societies and Institutes

<u>Genealogical Society of South Africa</u> Suite 143 Postnet X2600 2041 HOUGHTON South Africa Email: <u>Secretary</u>

The Jewish Genealogical Society of South Africa

P. O. Box 1388 2121 Parklands, South Africa

Natal Society PO Box 415 3100 Pietermaritzburg, South Africa

Genealogical Institute of South Africa

115 Banghoek Road 7600 Stellenbosch, South Africa Tel: +27-21-887-5070 Fax: +27-21-887-5031

Postal Address: PO Box 3033 7602 Matieland, South Africa

Director: <u>Leon Endemann</u> Research: <u>Maureen de Villiers</u> Orders: <u>Carol Greener</u> Webmaster and GEDCOM Archivist: <u>Philip Blignaut</u>

South African Government

S.A. National Defence Force

Documentation Centre Private Bag X289 0001, Pretoria, South Africa Tel: +27-12-322-6350 Fax: +27-12-323-5613

SA Defence Force Archives Private BAG X615 0001, Pretoria, South Africa Books, honor rolls, imperial and other war documents, service graves, regimental histories.

South African Police Service

Police Museum Old Compol Building cnr Pretorius/Volkstem Strs Pretoria, South Africa Tel: +27-12-353-6771 open Wednesdays 8am-12pm

Department of Home Affairs

Private Bag X114 0001 Pretoria, South Africa

National Archives of South Africa

National Archive Depot Private Bag X236 0001 Pretoria, South Africa Tel: +27-12-323-5300 Fax: +27-12-323-5287 Email: <u>Archivist</u>

Cape Archives Depot Private Bag X9025 8000 Cape Town, South Africa Email: <u>Archivist</u>

Natal Archives Depot Private Bag X9012 3200 Pietermaritzburg, South Africa Email: <u>Archivist</u>

Free State Archives Depot Private Bag X20504 9300 Bloemfontein, South Africa Email: <u>Archivist</u>

The Chief Surveyor General of South Africa

Chief Directorate: Surveys & Mapping

For topgraphic and topo-cadastral maps of South Africa (includes some historical maps)

Master of the High Court

Master of the High Court Private Bag X60 0001 Pretoria, South Africa

Libraries

National Library of South Africa.

In terms of the Legal Deposit Act of South Africa, the National Library receives a copy of each book, pamphlet, periodical, newspaper or other publication that is published in South Africa. A wide range of South African legislation, government publications, maps and atlases forms part of the collection. The National Library is at 4 locations:

Head Office - Pretoria Postal Address P.O. Box 990

Physical Address Old Mutual Centre 0001 Pretoria, South Africa Tel: +27-12-321-8931 x 181 Fax: +27-12-321-1128

Cape Town

 Postal Address

 P.O. Box 496

 8000, Cape Town, South Africa

 Tel:
 +27-21-424-6320

 Fax:
 +27-21-423-3359

Centre for the Book – Cape Town

Postal Address P.O. Box 15254 8018 Vlaeberg, Cape Town, South Africa Tel: +27-21-423-2669 Fax: +27-21-424-1484 Email: cfb@nlsa.ac.za

Pretoria

 Postal Address

 P.O. Box 397

 0001 Pretoria, South Africa

 Tel:
 +27-12-321-8931

 Fax:
 +27-12-321-8931

The Cory Library

P O Box 184 6140 Grahamstown, South Africa Email: <u>Sandra Rowolt</u>

Africana Library Du Toitspan Road P O Box 627 8300 Kimberley, South Africa Email: Librarian

Port Elizabeth Library Main Street 6001 Port Elizabeth, South Africa

They have an Africana section and now house all the books of the East Cape Genealogical Society. They also have old field cornetcy maps dating from way back in 1850 which contain the names of farms and their ownders.

Universities

Website: with links to colleges and universities in South Africa.

Museums

Kaffrarian Musuem 3 Lower Albert Road, King Wlliamstown. 5600

Albany Museum Genealogy Dept Somerset Street 6139 Grahamstown, South Africa Email: <u>William Jervois</u> 167 Andries Street Pretoria, South Africa

Physical Address 5 Queen Victoria Street Cape Town, South Africa

Physical Address 62 Queen Victoria Street

Cape Town, South Africa

<u>Physical Address</u> 239 Vermeulen Street Pretoria, South Africa South African National Museum of Military History P.O. Box 52090 2132 Saxonwold, South Africa

Barberton Museum Private Bag 1626 1300 Barberton, South Africa

Anglo Boer War Musuem

P.O. Box 34061 9325 Faunasig, South Africa Tel: +27-51-447-3447 Fax: +27-51-447-1322 email: <u>Archivist</u> website <u>http://www.anglo-boer.co.za</u> Records from 1848 - concentration camps and cemeteries

War Graves

Commonwealth War Graves

Australian War Graves in South Africa

Military

The South African Irish Regiment

South African Military units online database

South African Military online images

Chamber of Mines

http://www.bullion.org.za/

Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints

Online Catalogue

Family History Library Church of Latter Day Saints P O Box 33642 2000 Johannesburg, South Africa

Miscellaneous

Rob Griffiths List of Lists website

It now includes:

- 1) 1820 British Settlers.
- 2) Natal Legal Practitioners, 1902.
- 3) Natal Civil Pensioners, 1902.
- 4) Natal Civil Servants, 1902.
- 5) Germans in Kaffraria.
- 6) German Immigration via East London, 1858, 1877 and 1878
- 7) Members of the Rhodesian Pioneer Column.

Ron Smit's e-Family website is full of useful information

Dalene Oertel has a website of old families in Lady Grey.

The Death Notice

Understanding the South African Death Notice, its importance, usefulness and drawbacks.

Death Notices: Can be good, bad, indifferent . . . and even downright dangerous

1. What is a Death Notice?

- a. It is the founding document in an estate file
- b. It is the official communication (notice) of the death to the Master of the High Court whose office has jurisdiction over estates
- c. It is not to be confused with Death Certificate which has different purpose and legal status

2. What is its purpose?

- a. to inform the Master of the High Court of the death and to provide the names of next-of-kin i.e. potential heirs -whether or not there is a will
- b. to inform the Master whether the deceased had assets, property or possessions to be passed on to heirs or other claimants such as creditors
- c. to inform the Master where the deceased resided at the time of death
- d. to inform the Master whether the person reporting or communicating the death is indeed in a position to do so

3. Where do you get it?

- a. Master's offices in the various jurisdictions, i.e. Pretoria, Cape Town, Bloemfontein, Pietermaritzburg, Grahamstown
- b. Archive depots ditto
- c. On film through the Family History Center of the LDS at Parktown, Johannesburg

4. What is its significance as source for genealogists?

- a. It is easy to get hold of
- b. It potentially contains a great deal of biographical and genealogical data including the names and addresses of the deceased's parents and children
- c. In most cases it contains more information than the death certificate
- d. It is part of the estate file itself a potentially rich source of genealogical information and leads to other areas of research

5. What is its status as a research document?

- a. It should be considered a primary source only for the date and place of death
- b. It is at best a secondary source for all of the other information it contains, including the name(s) of the deceased whomever signs it

6. Is it reliable as a source document? That depends on . . .

- a. who signs it
- b. her/his knowledge of deceased, nearest and dearest, life of deceased and family
- c. her/his tendency to be thorough/accurate
- d. her/his emotional state at time
- e. probably half a dozen more factors

7. What do you do with it?

- a. Cite the death notice as a source for each item of data i.e. name/event/date/place you record from it
- b. If your genealogy programs allows it, apply a reliability rating each time you cite it
- c. The reliability rating can vary from DN to DN and in each DN for each item of data recorded from it
- d. Attempt to obtain a primary source for every item of data contained in the DN
- 8. What does it look like? See attached sample.

9. Interpreting the archival codes . . .

- a. KAB: Cape Town Archives Repository
- b. NAB: Pietermaritzburg Archives Repository
- c. SAB: National Archives Repository (Public Records of Central Government since 1910)
- d. VAB: Free State Archives Repository
- e. TAB: National Archives Repository (Records of the former Transvaal Province and its predecessors as well as of magistrates and local authorities)
- f. TBE: Port Elizabeth Archives Repository
- 10. . . . interpreting continued

- a. MOG: Master of the High (Supreme) Court, Grahamstown.
- b. MOOC: Master of the High (Supreme) Court, Cape Town.
- c. MHG: Master of the High (Supreme) Court, Pretoria.
- d. MSCE: Master of the High (Supreme) Court, KZN.
- e. MHG: Master of the High (Supreme) Court, Orange Free State Provincial Division

11. Why is it potentially downright dangerous as a source document for researchers?

- a. Because the person who completes it may provide incorrect information through ignorance, carelessness, or even deliberately.
- b. There is a great potential for fraud deception
- c. Many genealogists view it and use it without question
- d. Many genealogists fail to make even the slightest attempt to verify its contents.

DEATH NOTICE

PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN "THE ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATES ACT,

1913"

1.	Name of the deceased:				
1. 2.	Birthplace and Nationality of the deceased				
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3.	Names and Addresses of the	Father:			
0.	Parents of the deceased	Mother:			
	Tatents of the deceased				
4.	Age of the deceased: years mo	nths	davs		
5.	Occupation in the life of the deceased, or, i		-	band:	
э. 6.	Ordinary place of residence of the decease				
U.	or if a woman. of her husband:	", {			
7.	Married or unmarried, widower or widow:	Ĺ			
	(a) Name of surviving spouse (if any), and		ſ		
		i whether			
	married in community of property or not.	الد مار ک	<u>ر</u> _		
	(b) Name or Names and approximate date of	or deam.			
	of pre-deceased spouse or spouses :		L -		
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8.	The day of the decease:				
	C				
	House:				
9. \	Vhere the person died:				
	District:				
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10.	Names of the children of the deceased, and	' ≺			
	whether majors or minors:				
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-	the separatery uncurranters in of different marriages, for. Names must be writi- in full. If there are no diren, and either or both ents be dead, then give t nes and addresses of the thers and sisters of the eased.				
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1	1. Has the deceased left any movable prop	ertv?			
	2. Has the deceased left any immovable prop	•			
13. Is it estimated that the estate exceeds £300 in value?					
	4. Has the deceased left a will?	o in value	•		
1	-2. 1143 UIT UTUTASTU ITIL A WIII;				
De	ted at the da	w of		in the year	
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			Capacity:		

(State in what capacity and whether at the time at or near the place of death)

This notice must be completed and signed by the *Nearest Relative or Connection of the deceased*, who shall, at the time, be at or near the place of death - or in the absence of such near *Relative or Connection*, by the person who, at or immediately after the death, shall have the chief charge of the house in, or the place on, which the death occurred, and must be sent either to the Master, or, if the death occurred in a district wherein a seat of provincial government is not situate, the Magistrate of the District, in duplicate, within fourteen days of the death.

Family Group Sheet

H	Husband					
	Birth					
	Chr					
	Death					
	Burial					
	Marriage					
	Father					
	Mother					
W	ife					
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	Death					
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Pre	epared by:		Comments:			
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