

## Review for Test #4 over Ch 12

**Work all the problems on a separate piece of paper showing all steps.**

**Solve the following using the square root property:**

1)  $3x^2 - 11 = 0$

2)  $(x + \frac{3}{2})^2 - \frac{7}{2} = 0$

**Solve the following:**

3)  $8x^3 - 125 = 0$

4)  $6x(x + 2) + 8 = 2x(x - 3)$

5)  $2x^2 - 3x - 7 = 0$

6)  $x^2 + 4x + 7 = 0$

7)  $3x^2 - x + 7 = 0$

8)  $12x^2 = 19x + 18$

9)  $0.4x^2 - 0.4x + 0.9 = 0.8$

10)  $\frac{5}{3}x^2 - 5x = -4x + \frac{3}{5}$

11)  $t^{1/2} + 3t^{1/4} - 4 = 0$

12)  $8(x^2 - 6x)^2 + 18(x^2 - 6x) = 5$

13)  $(3 - \sqrt{x})^2 - 12(3 - \sqrt{x}) - 15 = 0$

14)  $x^4 - 4x^3 + 8x - 32 = 0$

15)  $x^4 + 2x^2 = 35$

16)  $\frac{2}{(4x-1)^2} + \frac{8}{(4x-1)} = 12 + \frac{3}{(4x-1)}$

17)  $w = \frac{km_1m_2}{d^2}$  for  $d$  ( $d \geq 0$ )

18)  $S = \pi r^2 + \pi rh$  for  $r$  ( $r \geq 0$ )

**Solve by completing the square:**

19)  $9x^2 + 18x + 8 = 0$

20)  $3x^2 + 5x - 2 = 0$

21)  $x^2 - 5x = -11$

22)  $\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x = -3$

**Use the discriminant to determine the type of solutions and how many solutions exist:**

23)  $2x^2 - x - 10 = 0$

24)  $3x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$

25)  $x^2 + 5x = 11$

26)  $3x^2 - \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{1}{2} = 0$

**Find the vertex, the axis of symmetry, the intercepts, and the sketch the graph of the following:**

27)  $h(x) = -2\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + 2$

28)  $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x - 2)^2 - 3$

29)  $y = 9x^2 + 6x + 4$

30)  $f(x) = -2x^2 + 5x + 3$

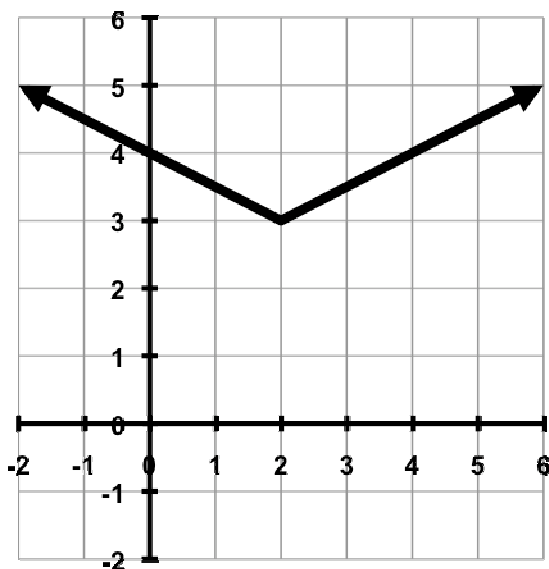
**Sketch the graph of the following:**

31)  $f(x) = 2|x + 1| - 3$

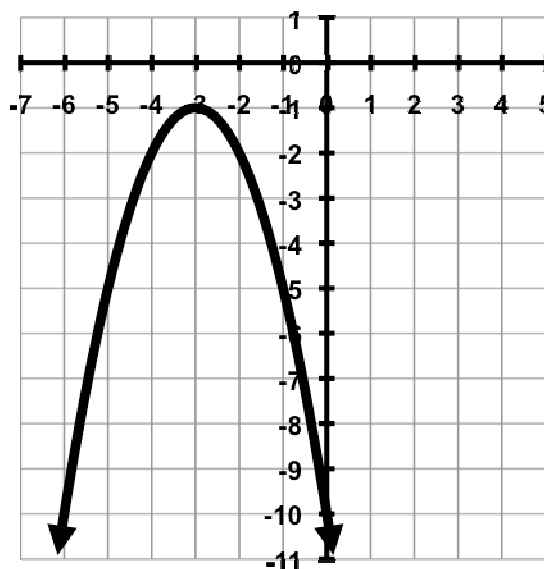
32)  $g(x) = -\frac{1}{3}|x - 3| + 6$

**Given the graphs below, write the equation:**

33)

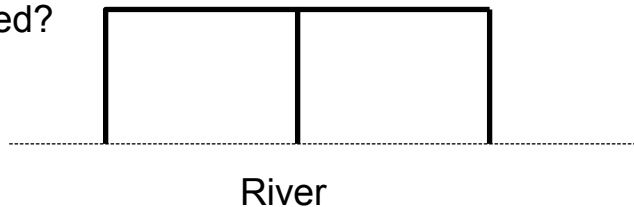


34)



**Set-up the equation(s) and Solve the following:**

- 35) A rancher needs to enclose two adjacent rectangular corrals, one for sheep and one for cattle. A river forms one side of the corrals. If 480 yards of fencing is available, what is the largest total area that can be enclosed?



- 36) What is the minimum product of two numbers that differ by 10? What are the numbers?

- 37) The supply and demand functions for a certain commodity are  $Q = 0.2p^2 + p + 50$  and  $Q = -0.1p^2 + 90$  respectively where  $p$  is the price of the commodity and  $Q$  is the number of units. Find the equilibrium price and the corresponding number of units supplied and demanded by finding where these functions intersect.

**Answers:**

- 1) The solutions are  $\left\{-\frac{\sqrt{33}}{3}, \frac{\sqrt{33}}{3}\right\}$ .
- 2) The solutions are  $\left\{\frac{-3-\sqrt{14}}{2}, \frac{-3+\sqrt{14}}{2}\right\}$ .
- 3) The solutions are  $\left\{\frac{-5-5i\sqrt{3}}{4}, \frac{-5+5i\sqrt{3}}{4}, 2.5\right\}$ .
- 4) The solutions are  $\{-4, -0.5\}$ .
- 5) The solutions are  $\left\{\frac{3-\sqrt{65}}{4}, \frac{3+\sqrt{65}}{4}\right\}$ .
- 6) The solutions are  $\{-2 - i\sqrt{3}, -2 + i\sqrt{3}\}$ .
- 7) The solutions are  $\left\{\frac{1-i\sqrt{83}}{6}, \frac{1+i\sqrt{83}}{6}\right\}$ .
- 8) The solutions are  $\left\{-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{9}{4}\right\}$ .
- 9) The solution is  $\{0.5\}$ .
- 10) The solutions are  $\left\{\frac{3-3\sqrt{5}}{10}, \frac{3+3\sqrt{5}}{10}\right\}$ .
- 11) The solution is  $\{1\}$ .
- 12) The solutions are  $\left\{\frac{6-\sqrt{37}}{2}, \frac{6-\sqrt{26}}{2}, \frac{6+\sqrt{26}}{2}, \frac{6+\sqrt{37}}{2}\right\}$ .
- 13) The solution is  $\{60 - 6\sqrt{51}\}$ .
- 14) The solutions are  $\{1 - i\sqrt{3}, 1 + i\sqrt{3}, -2, 4\}$ .
- 15) The solutions are  $\{-i\sqrt{7}, i\sqrt{7}, -\sqrt{5}, \sqrt{5}\}$ .
- 16) The solutions are  $\left\{\frac{3}{16}, \frac{5}{12}\right\}$ .
- 17)  $d = \sqrt{\frac{km_1m_2}{w}}$
- 18)  $r = \frac{-\pi h + \sqrt{\pi^2 h^2 + 4\pi S}}{2\pi}$
- 19) The solutions are  $\left\{-\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}\right\}$ .
- 20) The solutions are  $\{-2, \frac{1}{3}\}$ .
- 21) The solutions are  $\left\{\frac{5-i\sqrt{19}}{2}, \frac{5+i\sqrt{19}}{2}\right\}$ .
- 22) The solutions are  $\{2 - i\sqrt{2}, 2 + i\sqrt{2}\}$ .
- 23) There are two real rational zeros.
- 24) There are two complex (not real) conjugates zeros.

25) There are two real irrational zeros.

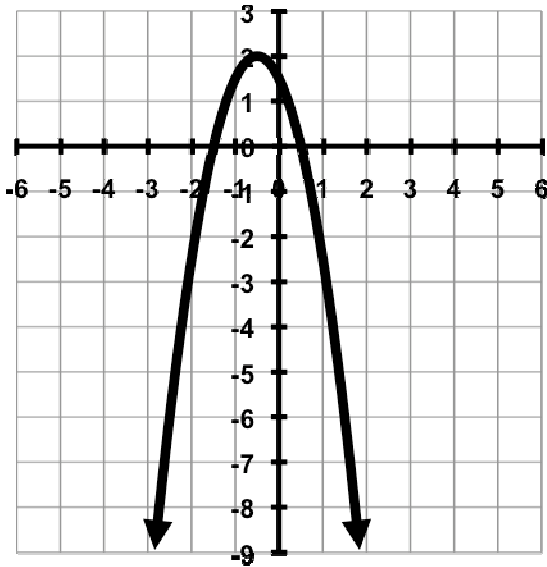
26) There are two real rational zeros.

27) Vertex:  $(-\frac{1}{2}, 2)$

Axis of Symmetry:  $x = -\frac{1}{2}$

x-intercepts:  $(-1.5, 0)$  &  $(0.5, 0)$

y-intercept:  $(0, 1.5)$

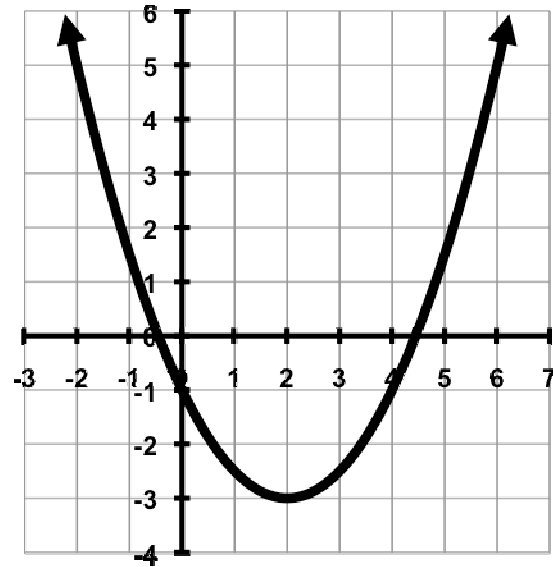


28) Vertex:  $(2, -3)$

Axis of Symmetry:  $x = 2$

x-intercepts:  $(2 + \sqrt{6}, 0)$   
&  $(2 - \sqrt{6}, 0)$

y-intercept:  $(0, -1)$

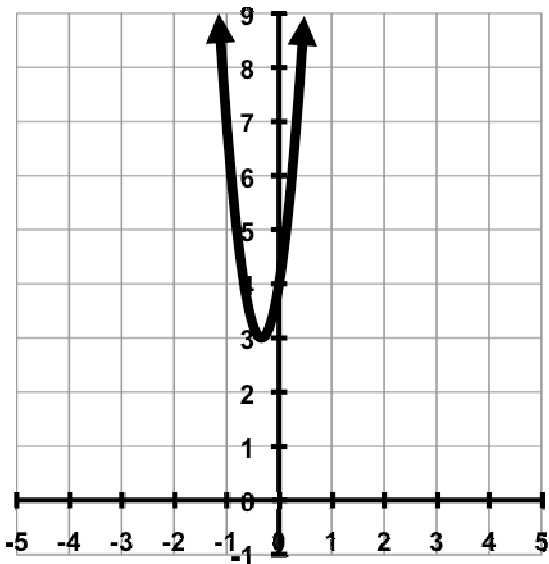


29) Vertex:  $(-\frac{1}{3}, 3)$

Axis of Symmetry:  $x = -\frac{1}{3}$

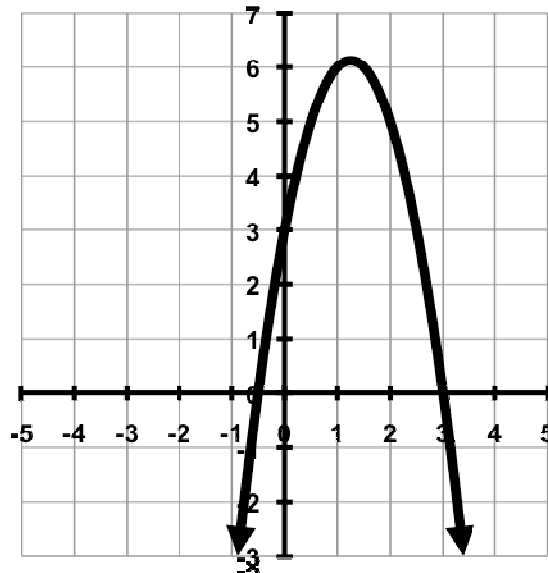
x-intercepts: None

y-intercepts: (0, 4)

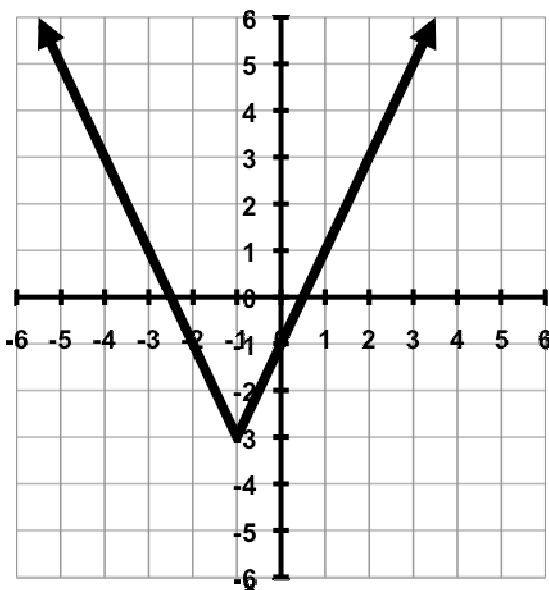


30) Vertex:  $(1.25, 6.125)$

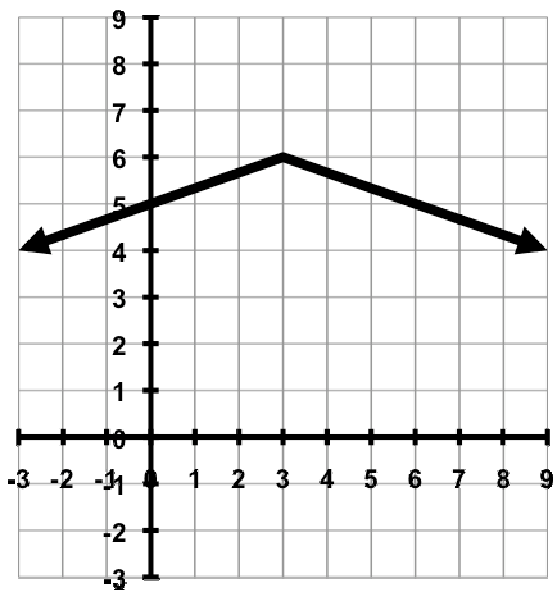
Axis of Symmetry:  $x = 1.25$

x-intercepts:  $(-\frac{1}{2}, 0)$  &  $(3, 0)$ y-intercepts:  $(0, 3)$ 

31)



32)



33)  $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}|x - 2| + 3$

34)  $f(x) = -(x + 3)^2 - 1$

35) The maximum area is  $19,200 \text{ yd}^2$ 36) The product will be a minimum of  $-25$  when the numbers are  $-5$  &  $5$ .

37) Eighty units of the commodity are sold at \$10 per unit.