# Learning Unit No. 11 "The Growth of Nationalism"

Note: L.U. 11 involves chapter 14

#### **Unit Outcomes:**

- 1. Define nationalism and the factors which encouraged its development in the early 1800s.
- 2. Explain how developments in Latin America and Europe in the early 1800s affected U.S. foreign policy.
- 3. Describe the changes created by industrialization.
- 4. Identify the ways that cotton influenced the development of the South.

## Outline:

- I. the growth of nationalism
  - A. the illusion of victory (review)
  - B. developing a national character (language, symbols, etc.)
  - C. loyalty to the central government and the Constitution
    - 1. "Era of Good Feelings"
    - 2. the Marshall Court
  - D. the American System
  - E. improved transportation
- II. foreign policy initiatives
  - A. the acquisition of Florida
  - B. the Monroe Doctrine
- III. the Industrial Revolution in America
  - A. technology
  - B. labor
  - C. transportation
- IV. the changing South
  - A. the pivotal role of the cotton gin
  - B. the nature of the "Cotton Kingdom"
  - C. the growth of slavery

### Key terms, names, and quotations:

James Monroe
judicial review

McCulloch v. Maryland
John Marshall

John Quincy Adams

Erie Canal
interchangeable parts
Eli Whitney
Nat Turner

Marbury v. Madison

McCulloch v. Maryland

John Quincy Adams

Robert Fulton

mass production

The American continents are henceforth not to be considered subject for future colonization by any European powers.

## Readings:

 1. pp. 349 - 354	 3. pp. 359 - 364
 2. pp. 354 - 359	 4. pp. 366 - 371