### 只限教師參閱

Protect breeding grounds of F

Establish a reserve area to protect F

Educate people to protect the animals (accept other reasonable answers)

### FOR TEACHERS' USE ONLY

98-R1 六夏

98	Biology	Paper	Į	Marking	Scheme
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Bio	logy Pa	per I Marking Scheme		Mari
1)	(i)	F		
	(ii)	* invertebrates	••••	
	(iii)			
		A	C	
		has mammary glands	no mammary glands	)
		no scales	has slimy scales	) any two
		no lateral line	has lateral line	)
		breathes by lungs (accept other reasonable	breathes by gills answers)	
	(iv)	A has a higher body temp	perature than C	
				•••••
		Thus A needs more food	for respiration to release n	nore energy
		to compensate for the fas	ter heat loss to the surroun	ding
		Effective communication	n (C)	1
	(v)	Prohibit the overhunting	of F	)
		Prohibit the trading of F		)

Total: 10 + 1 marks

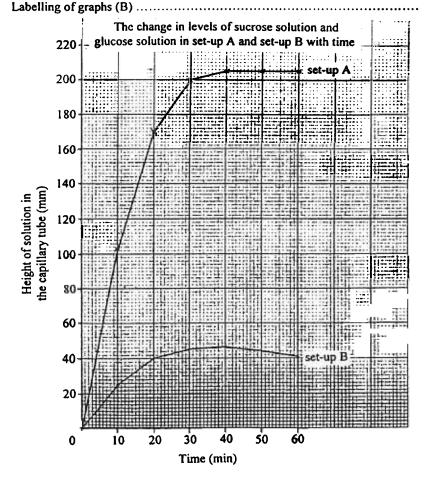
)

#### 98 Biology Paper I Marking Scheme

Title (T) ..... .. 1/2 1.(b) (i) Correct choice of axes (A) ..... ... 1/2 Correct labelling of axes with units (L) ..... 12, 1/2 Correct plotting and joining of points (P) .....

1/2, 1/2 1/2, 1/2

Marks



- The level of sucrose solution rose ..... (ii) because the water potential of the sucrose solution was lower than that of distilled water ...... 1
- The rate of increase of solution level in set-up A was greater than that in set-up B ...... (iii) Since glucose could diffuse out of the dialysis tubing in set-up B while sucrose could not diffuse out in set-up A ....... the difference in water potentials across the dialysis tubing in set-up A was greater

Total: 10 marks

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98 Bio	logy Pa <sub>l</sub>	per I Marking Scheme	Marks	98- P.3
i.(c) (i)		Individuals 1 and 2 have diabetes, therefore each of them must possess at least one allele for this type of diabetes		
		Effective communication (C)	1	
	(ii)	D = allele for this type of diabetes d = allele for the normal character DD Dd	1	
	(iii)	restrict carbohydrate/glucose intakeinjection of insulin		
			Total : 10 + 1 mark	ıs

Kiangsu-Chamman Common (Scotin) Chen Kwana ProLiera v 沙田蘇斯公学以此语画音節

98-CE-BIO I — 12

### 只限教師參閱 FOR TEACHERS' USE ONLY

98 Bio	ology Pape	er I Marking Scheme	Marks 98_	P.L
2.(a)	(i)	protection against mechanical damage/infection		
	(ii)	(1) It is covered by a cuticle	1	
		Effective communication (C)	1	
		(2) It has root hairs/outgrowth	1	
	(iii) [	B/C $\rightarrow$ E $\rightarrow$ J $\rightarrow$ G  (½ mark for site of production, ½ mark for site of storage, 1 mark for route)  Deduct ½ mark if there is no arrow sign	2	
	(iv)	Large accurate diagram (D)  Labels and title (L): * cell wall, cell membrane, cytoplasm, nucleus, vacuole (any 3)  sign of plasmolysis (S)  — cell wall	. 1½	
		cytoplasm vacuole nucleus cell membrane		
		A cell of G under high power Tot	al: 12 + <i>l</i> marks	
2.(b)	(i)	(1) The vaccine contains the hepatitis B antigen which stimulates certain white blood cells to develop a memory for the antigen  If P is exposed to the hepatitis B virus, large amount of specific antibodies will be produced in a short time so as to destroy the virus	1	
		Effective communication (C)	1	
		(2) No		
	(ii)	Both Q and R contracted the hepatitis B virus before		
	(iii)	Wear gloves when handling wounds  Do not share toothbrush/nail cutter/razor etc.  Use condom during sexual intercourse  Screen the blood used in blood transfusion  ) any two	1,1	
		То	t <b>al : 10 + /</b> marks	
2.(c)	(i)	* ball-and-socket joint : A and C  * hinge joint : B and D	i + 1 i + 1	
	(ii)	Vertebrae are linked together by ligaments ) to form a column ) any two and they allow the attachment of muscles ) for maintaining the posture	<b>-</b> 1	
	(iii)	Take in more vitamin D	<u> </u>	
		Take in more calcium	one set	
		Do regular weight-bearing exercise to stimulate the increase in bone mass	Total: 8 marks	
98-CE	-BIO I — [3	<sup>3</sup> 只限教師參閱 FOR TEACHERS' USE ONLY	TOTAL: 9 MARKS	

(i) The capillary network has a large total cross-sectional area so reduces the rate of blood flow/more time is allowed for the exchange of substances 1  The numerous branches provide a large surface area for rapid exchange of substances between the blood and the tissue cells  (ii) The pressure of fluid A near the arterial end is higher than that of fluid B	logy Pap	er I Marking Scheme	Marks	
The numerous branches provide a large surface area for rapid exchange of substances of the substances between the blood and the tissue cells for rapid exchange of substances between the blood and the tissue cells for rapid exchange of substances between the blood and the tissue cells for rapid exchange of substances between the blood and the tissue cells for rapid exchange of substances between the blood and the tissue cells for rapid exchange of substances between the blood and the tissue cells for rapid exchange of the plasma except large proteins/some of the blood except large proteins, red blood cells and platelets red forced through the thin wall of the blood capillary/P to form fluid B for red forced through the thin wall of the blood capillary/P to form fluid B for red forced through the thin wall of the blood capillary/P to form fluid B forced through the thin wall of the blood capillary/P to form fluid B forced through the thin wall of the blood capillary/P to form fluid B forced through the tissue of the thoracic cavity helps to draw fluid C towards the heart for except the blood of the blood of the blood through the blood of the blood of the blood through the blood through the blood of the blood through the blood through the blood to fave fluid C towards the heart for the blood of the blood through through the blood through through the blood through through through the blood throug	(i)	The capillary network has a large total cross-sectional area		
(ii) The pressure of fluid A near the arterial end is higher than that of fluid B Some of the plasma except large proteins/some of the blood except large proteins, red blood cells and platelets are forced through the thin wall of the blood capillary/P to form fluid B 1  Effective communication (C)		so reduces the rate of blood flow/more time is allowed for the exchange of substances	1	
(ii) The pressure of fluid A near the arterial end is higher than that of fluid B Some of the plasma except large proteins/some of the blood except large proteins, red blood cells and platelets are forced through the thin wall of the blood capillary/P to form fluid B 1  Effective communication (C)		The numerous branches provide a large surface area		
Some of the plasma except large proteins/some of the blood except large proteins, red blood cells and platelets		for rapid exchange of substances between the blood and the tissue cells	•	
Some of the plasma except large proteins/some of the blood except large proteins, red blood cells and platelets are forced through the thin wall of the blood capillary/P to form fluid B	(ii)	The pressure of fluid A near the arterial end is higher than that of fluid B	1	
are forced through the thin wall of the blood capillary/P to form fluid B		Some of the plasma except large proteins/some of the blood except large proteins		
(iii)   (1)   right atrium		are forced through the thin wall of the blood capillary/P to form suit P	1	
(iii) (1) right atrium	Г		1	
(2) The contraction of skeletal muscles helps to push fluid C along the lymph vessels, OR during inspiration, the drop in pressure of the thoracic cavity helps to draw fluid C towards the heart. The valves of the lymph vessels prevent the backflow of the lymph  Total: 10 + 1 ma  (i) (1) to prevent self-pollination/self-fertilization of the flower (2) to prevent any unwanted pollination/fertilization from other plants (ii) The pollen grains germinate and develop pollen tubes	L	Effective communication (C)	1	
lymph vessels, OR during inspiration, the drop in pressure of the thoracic cavity helps to draw fluid C towards the heart The valves of the lymph vessels prevent the backflow of the lymph    Total: 10 + 1 ma   Total: 11 + 1 ma	(iii)	(I) right atrium	1	
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(i) (1) to prevent self-pollination/self-fertilization of the flower  (2) to prevent any unwanted pollination/fertilization from other plants				nar
(ii) The pollen grains germinate and develop pollen tubes which carry the male gametes towards the ovules The male gamete fuses with the egg to form the zygote  Effective communication (C)  (iii) Parents with selected characters are crossed so that offspring with desirable characters can be produced  (iv) The desired quality of the plant can be maintained because the daughter plants produced from the tubers are genetically identical to the parent.  The daughter plants can develop faster/they have a greater chance to develop as more food is available in the tuber for the development/the development is more independent of environmental conditions  Total: 11 + / ma  (i) food/glucose + oxygen → carbon dioxide + water  (ii) to absorb carbon dioxide in the air from the bell jar  (iii) (1) The weight of flask A did not change because carbon dioxide produced by the rat is absorbed by potassium hydroxide  The weight of carbon dioxide absorbed was equal to the weight of water lost from the potassium hydroxide  (2) (211.8 - 211.8) - (206.1 - 206.7)/30 x 60 gCO <sub>2</sub> h <sup>-1</sup> = 1.2 gCO <sub>2</sub> h <sup>-1</sup> (0.02 gCO <sub>2</sub> min <sup>-1</sup> )			<b></b> 10 · 7 ()	ı.aı
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(iii) (1) The weight of flask A did not change	(i)	food/glucose + oxygen → carbon dioxide + water		
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hydroxide	(iii)			
The weight of carbon dioxide absorbed was equal to the weight of water lost from the potassium hydroxide  (2) (211.8 - 211.8) - (206.1 - 206.7)/30 x 60 gCO <sub>2</sub> h <sup>-1</sup>				
lost from the potassium hydroxide		The weight of carbon dioxide absorbed was equal to the weight of water		
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(iv) The bell jar has to be covered by a black cloth/paper		= 1.2 gCO <sub>2</sub> h <sup>-1</sup> (0.02 gCO <sub>2</sub> min <sup>-1</sup> )		
The not of soil has to be covered by a plastic bag	(iv)	The bell jar has to be covered by a black cloth/paper		
the bot of gott time to on account of a billion and		The pot of soil has to be covered by a plastic bag	1	

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		aper I N	Marking Scheme	Marks	
4.(a)	(i)			1	98-P.
	(ii)	Nerv and t	at-sensitive cells on the retina were stimulated  ve impulses were set up  transmitted along the optic nerve  e cerebral cortex for interpretation into vision		
			ctive communication (C)	1	
		Susp	ensory ligaments would slacken		
	(iv)	Lens Nearl Conv Arrov	vex lens of the eye by object (diverging rays) erging rays w sign e on retina	3	
			Path of light rays from a nearby object after correction	Total : 11 + /	marks
4.(b)	(i)	As the	e trees are cut, the soil is exposed/there is no tree roots to hold the soil firm t the soil can be easily eroded by rainfall and wind	nlv 1	
	(ii)	(1)	As food for humans or animals  To provide seeds for growing new plants	1 1	
		(2)	There are symbiotic <u>nitrogen-fixing bacteria</u> in the root nodules of leguminous plants  The bacteria convert atmospheric nitrogen to nitrogenous compounds (ammonium ion/amino acids).  Some of these is taken up by the plant for growth/protein synthesis  When the leaves and roots decompose, nitrogenous compounds are released to the soil, thus increase the soil fertility	1	
	ſ	Effecti	ive communication (C)	1	
	•		ion of specific minerals in the soil	1	
				Total : 10 + / n	narks
.(c)	(i)	(1)	Solution A is necessary for the breakdown of the egg white	•••••	
		(2) OR	Hydrochloric acid and solution A are required for the breakdown of the egg white	•	
4	(ii)	except	e another tube which is identical to tube 1	•••••	
•	(iii)	(1)	* gastric juice		
		(2)	to kill bacteria which enter the alimentary canal	••••	
(	(iv)		lution will turn violet in coloure solution A contains an enzyme which is a <u>protein</u>		
98-CE-BI	1011		I限教師条題 FOR TEACHERS' USE ONL	Total:9 m	narks

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