Tutorial 1 Indices and logarithms

1. Carry out each of the following operation. Write all answers with positive exponents and simplify where possible.

(a)
$$\frac{7^{-3}}{7^{-5}}$$
 (b) $\frac{3^5 \cdot 2^2}{3^8}$

(c)
$$\frac{4^6 \cdot 3^4}{4^5 \cdot 3^3}$$
 (d) $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^{-2}$

2. Evaluate the following :
(a)
$$49^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
 (b) $8^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

3. In the compound interest formula
$$A = P (1 + r)^n$$
,

- (a) if P = 100,000, r = 8 %, n = 5, find the value of A,
 - (b) if A = 21,003.42, P = 10,000, n = 5, find the value of r,
 - (c) if A = 80957.13, P = 35000, r = 15%, find the value of n.

4. The loudness, measured in decibels, is defined by the function

$$\mathbf{b} = 10 \log \left(\frac{I}{I_0}\right),$$

where P is the intensity of the sound and I_0 is the minimum intensity detectable. How many times greater is the intensity of $\mathbf{b_1} = 105 \text{ dB}$ (factory) than the intensity of $\mathbf{b_2} = 80 \text{ dB}$ (busy street) ?

Solution

1.(a)
$$\frac{7^{-3}}{7^{-5}} = 49$$

(b) $\frac{3^5 \cdot 2^2}{3^8} = \frac{4}{27}$
(c) $\frac{4^6 \cdot 3^4}{4^5 \cdot 3^3} = 12$
(d) $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^{-2} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^2} = \frac{25}{4}$

2. (a)
$$49^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{7}$$

b) $8^{-\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{1}{2}$

3.	(a)	$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{P} \left(1 + r \right)^n$
		A = 146,932.81

(b)
$$A = P (1 + r)^{n}$$

 $r = 0.16$
 or
 $= 16\%$
(c) $A = P (1 + r)^{n}$
 $n = 6$

4. Given $b_{1} = 105 \text{ dB}$

$$b_2 = 80 \text{ dB}$$
$$\frac{I_1}{I_2} = 316$$

The sound intensity in the factory is 316 times greater than the busy street.