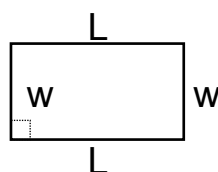


## Geometry Review

Objective 1: Review of Geometry Formulas and Facts

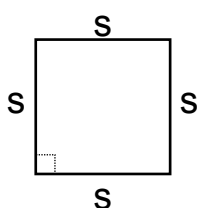
The **perimeter** (P) (or **circumference** (C) for a circle) of a geometric figure is the distance around the outside of the figure. The **area** (A) of a geometric figure is the number of square units that can be enclosed inside of a figure. Here are some common figures and formulas:

**Rectangle      Square      Triangle      Circle      Parallelogram      Trapezoid**



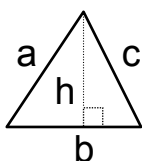
$$P = 2L + 2w$$

$$A = Lw$$



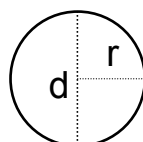
$$P = 4s$$

$$A = s^2$$



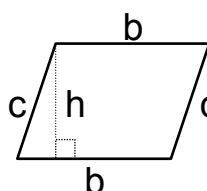
$$P = a + b + c$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$



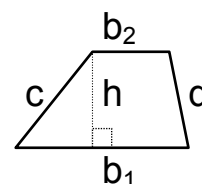
$$C = 2\pi r = \pi d$$

$$A = \pi r^2$$



$$P = 2b + 2c$$

$$A = bh$$

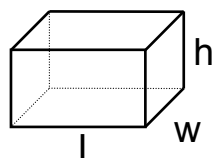


$$P = b_1 + c + b_2 + d$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)h$$

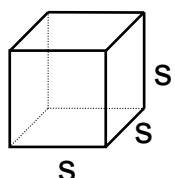
The **volume** (V) of a solid is the number of cubic units that can be enclosed within a solid. Here are some common figures and formulas:

**Rectangular Solid**



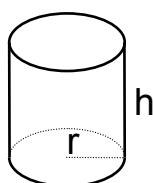
$$V = Lwh$$

**Cube**



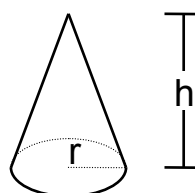
$$V = s^3$$

**Right Circular Cylinder**



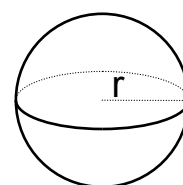
$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

**Right Circular Cone**



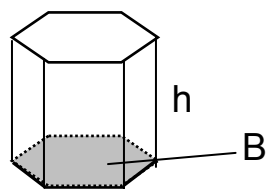
$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

**Sphere**



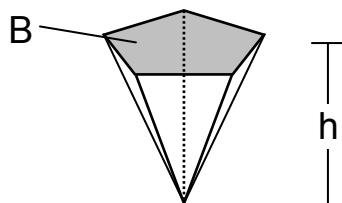
$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

**Prism**



$$V = Bh$$

**Pyramid**



$$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$$

The sum of the measures of **Complementary Angles** is  $90^\circ$ .  
The sum of the measures of **Supplementary Angles** is  $180^\circ$ .  
The sum of the measures of the angles of any triangle is  $180^\circ$ .

Perimeter: Units

Area: Units<sup>2</sup>

Volume: Units<sup>3</sup>