Exam Chapter 11

CS	C100 Spring 2004 Exam 3 Chapter 11 Version A
	Name: Section
	This is a closed-book exam. No reference aids or calculators are permitted. Put your name and section number on your exam question book and the mark-sense answer sheet. You may write on the exam. You may use the back side of question book pages as scrap paper. Each multiple choice question is worth 1 point. List questions are worth 1 point for each correct response. Circle the answer letter on the question book AND fill in the mark-sense answer sheet. You must turn both in. Some
choi	ces may be on the next page.
may	Each multiple choice question has at least 4 choices. Only one answer will be considered correct. Choose the best answer. Choose the answer that distinguishes the term in the question from other terms. Some answers be true, but not a defining characteristic of the term in question. Think about the question in the context of the chapter being d on. Note that a response is false if any portion of the statement is false.
1.	(1 point) Which of the following is NOT a consideration in balancing security policies and basic needs? Secrecy Accessibility Keep system operational Cleanliness Carefully control the extent of autonomy of security administrator Cost
2.	 (1 point) Which one below is not a security technique? Schedule 4 hours each weekend for system software maintenance. Make equipment unmovable, attach it to alarms. Log all periods of access, monitor for theft. Check background of person before granting an account. Check that each user is authorized access, use encryption.
3.	 (1 point) What is a computer virus? C A remote control signal that shuts down a computer. C A program written with the intent to cause harm to a computer or its files. C A microbe that attacks silicon dioxide. C Data that is illegally copied. C A magnet that randomly erases tracks on a disk.
4.	(1 point) A(n) is a company or person you believe will not send you a virus-infected file knowingly. C grandparent C trusted source C government agency C certificate authority C antivirus author

5.	 (1 point) In terms of computer viruses, how is a logic bomb different from a time bomb? A time bomb triggers on an interrupt, a logic bomb triggers by polling. A time bomb triggers by polling, a logic bomb triggers on an interrupt. A time bomb is a logic bomb that uses time to decide when to activate. A time bomb is not a logic bomb. A logic bomb is detected by a special element in the smoke alarm, but only if the battery has been changed in the last months. 	
6.	(1 point) In the two-key (public key-private key, asymmetric key) encryption system, C two keys are required to decrypt a message. C either key can be used to encrypt a message. C one key is used to encrypt the other key for transmission. C one key is used to encrypt a message, another key must be used to decrypt a message. C either key can be used to decrypt a message.	
7.	(1 point) is used to prevent unauthorized access by transforming readable data into unreadable data. C Encryption C Spyware C A back up C A word processor C A surge protector	
8.	 (1 point) A digital signature is C a digitized image of a signature for transmission over the Internet. C not legal in a court of law for binding a contract. C a certified tamper-proof scanned image of the signature of the sender. C an encrypted code attached to a message that authenticates the identity of the sender. C was invented by the same person that invented the Internet. 	
9.	(1 point) Which of the following is not effective as passwords for safeguarding a computer system? C quickly typed password mixture of special characters, letters, and numbers easy to remember password telephone number long random letter combination	
10.	(1 point) Callback systems work the best for users who regularly work C at a different location every day. C in emergency service occupations. C from the same location every day. C for the military and banks. C on mainframe or supercomputers.	

11.	 (1 point) A cookie is a type of virus. an encryption key. a small file placed on your computer by a Web server. made with chips. a password for access to a secure site. 		
12.	2. (1 point) A(n) tries to access a computer or computer n C software tester C unidentified user C auditor C security administrator C hacker	etwork illegally.	
13.	 (1 point) The purpose of an uninterruptible power supply designed for home computer use is C provide power long enough for an orderly shutdown of the computer. C prevent the electrical utility service from loosing power. C provide power long enough for the user to get home from work. C provide an alternate unlimited source of power until the electrical utility service is restored. 		
14.	(5 points) List the 5 major considerations for a computer security system.		
	P		
	E		
	C		
	A		
	N		

Click here to check your answers.