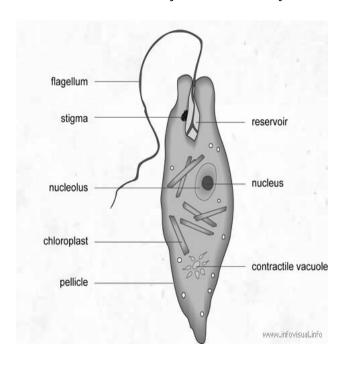
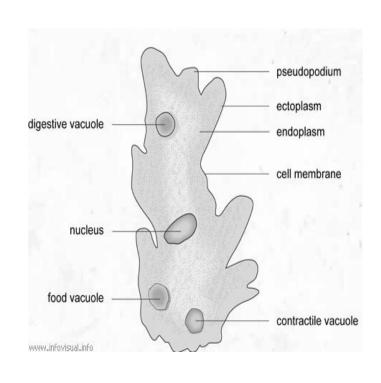
## <u>Cells, Tissues, Organs and Systems</u> Assignment #7 Unicellular Organisms & Systems

NAME: _	Date Due:				
1.	What is the difference between a cell, tissue and an organ?				
2.	Organize these terms from smallest to largest. (Organ system, tissue, cell, organ and molecule)				

3. Identify each unicellular organism.







4. Why are diatoms called pla	nt like Protists?		
5. Complete the table below comparing a plant cell to a euglena.			
<u>Plant Cell</u>		<u>Euglena</u>	

	7. Knowing what you do about osmosis. Why do euglena, paramecium and amoebas need contractile						
	vacuoles? (A contractile vacuole will expel excess water.) Recall what kind of water they all live in.						
		of feeding in a paramecium	and amoeba.	Amorha			
	<u>Paramecium</u>			<u>Amoeba</u>			
9. Compare the movement of these organisms.							
	<u>Paramecium</u>	<u>Amoeba</u>	<u>Euglena</u>	<u>Bacteria</u>			

	11. Why can yeast make its	s own food'	?		
	12. What is a microorgani	sm?			
) ) )	Not completed on due date Answers lacked effort and/or knowledge Shows little understanding of Unicellular organisms more studying is needed Many or all questions must be redone #'s Parent signature required or receive 0. 50% with a parent signature and redone		Completed with accuracy More explanation needed for some answers Shows good understanding of Unicellular organisms More or a better explanation is needed for questions #'s	000	Completed with detail Excellent explanations given Shows excellent understanding of Unicellular organisms Little or no further explanation is needed Fine tune questions #'s
					/ <b>1</b>

10. Penicillin is an antibiotic that weakens the cell wall of bacteria. The sugars and proteins in the

of osmosis DRAW and LABLE how penicillin kills bacteria in at least 3 stages.

cytoplasm of the bacteria are in higher concentration than outside of the cell. Using your knowledge