Notes: Human Physiology II (Digestive, Endocrine, Nervous, and Lymphatic)

Digestive System (pg.947)

• Function of the digestive system

• Steps in digestion

1.

2.

5.

Endocrine System (pg. 959)

• Function of the endocrine system

• What is a hormone?

• Glands of the Endocrine System

Function
Secrete hormones that influence the body's metabolism, blood chemicals, and body characteristics, as well as influence the part of the nervous system that is involved in the response and defense against stress.
Controls the part of the nervous system that controls involuntary body functions, and many bodily functions such as regulating sleep and stimulating appetite.
Secrete hormones that influence male and female characteristics.
Secretes a hormone (insulin) that controls the use of glucose by the body.
Secretes a hormone that maintains the calcium level in the blood.
Involved with daily biological cycles.
Produces a number of different hormones that influence various other endocrine glands.
Plays a role in the body's immune system

Thijiola Glana	Produces hormones that stimulate body heat production, bone growth, and the body's metabolism

Nervous System (pg. 973)

- Function of the nervous system
- Neuron:

- Three basic regions of a neuron

1.

2.

3.

• Three categories of neurons

1.

- 3.
- How these neurons work together pg. 974

Lymphatic System (pg. 1055)

- Function of the lymphatic system
- How does the body fight off pathogens (foreign substances)?