

APPLICATION FOR

LIFEGUARD

BSA

CERTIFICATION

Is counselor certified?

Is applicant registered?

APPROVAL:

Certification Written

Filed for year-end report_

This form to be used in local council only

COUNCIL RECORD

	Name	, registered in	No of	City or Town	
ho lives at	Street or R.F.D Address	,	City or Town	,State	Zip Code
s satisfactorily of	completed all requirements for the E	BSA Lifeguard certificatio	n. Date of completion		
Ce	ertifying Counselor's Signature		Type of Certification		Expiration Date
	ertifying Counselor's Signature structing Counselor's Signature		Type of Certification Type of Certification		Expiration Date

BSA LIFEGUARD CERTIFICATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Only those persons currently certified as BSA Aquatics Instructor or as BSA Lifeguard Counselor may certify the completion of BSA Lifeguard requirements.
- 2. Certification as BSA Lifeguard is valid for 3 years from the date of application.
- 3. All requirements must be met no substitutions or omissions are permitted.
- 4. The completed application is sent to the local council service center where BSA Lifeguard emblems may be purchased.
- 5. To qualify for certification as BSA Lifeguard, the candidate must complete the BSA Lifeguard course consisting of a minimum of 30 hours under the direction of either a BSA Lifeguard Counselor or a BSA Aquatics Instructor. The course for the BSA Lifeguard is in the BSA Lifeguard Counselor Guide.

BSA LIFEGUARD RECERTIFICATION

To be recertified as BSA Lifeguard, a person who previously has been certified can complete the regular BSA Lifeguard course, passing each of the requirements. Those whose BSA Lifeguard certification is current or has expired within the past 12 months can be recertified by demonstrating a current knowledge and ability to perform the skills necessary to fulfill BSA Lifeguard requirements. It is not necessary to retake the BSA Lifeguard course.

COUNSELORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Scouts, Explorers, or adults who become certified BSA Lifeguards must be well qualified and able to use their knowledge in case of need without undue danger to themselves and with a reasonable chance of success. The counselors are responsible for the strict interpretation of requirements and the elimination of applicants who in their judgement are not qualified by strength, judgement, or ability to put their knowledge into practice.

BSA LIFEGUARD REQUIREMENTS

Date

1. AGE REQUIREMENT

To enroll in the BSA Lifeguard course you must be at least 14 years of age or have completed the eighth grade.

2. PREREQUISITES

To enroll in the BSA Lifeguard course, you must

(a) Swim 400 yards. Jump feetfirst in water over your head and swim continuously for 400 yards in a strong manner. The 400 yards shall The reputation of the counselors as experts depends to a great extent on the actual performance of those they qualify. Therefore, they should be certain that the candidates' ability is, without doubt, of the highest caliber. It is expected that the BSA Lifequard emblem and certificate will always stand for a very high standard of skill. The counselors to whom this responsibility is entrusted are expected to maintain that standard. For interpretation of requirements, see BSA Lifeguard Counselor Guide, No. 34534.

Counselor's Initials	Date	Counselor's Initials
	consist of a minimum of 50 yards of elementary backstroke; 50 yards of breaststroke; 50 yards of front crawl or trudgen; and 50 yards of sidestroke.	
	(b) Surface dive. Perform a feetfirst and a tuck or pike surface dive in 8 to 10 feet of water and recover a 10-pound weight on both dives.	
	(c) Float. Demonstrate the ability to rest by floating.	
	(d) Dive. Perform a long, shallow dive.	

~ •			Counselor's		Date
SA	LIFEGUARD REQUIREMENTS	Date	Initials		Date
(e)	Row. Complete the basic handling test for			(4) Front head-hold escape	
(-)	rowboats.			(i) Demove the vistim from the water using each	
				 (i) Remove the victim from the water using each of the following techniques: 	
	(1) Demonstrate the ability to launch a boat properly, row a straight line for 100 yards,			(1) Pack-strap carry	
	turn, come back in a straight line, land, and	1		(2) Lift from deep water assisted by a second	
	moor the boat properly.			lifeguard	
				(3) Shallow-water assist	
	(2) Participate in a swamped-boat safety			(4) Beach drag	
	demonstration, including a demonstration of the use and care of PFDs.			(,,	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(j) Perform an ease-in entry into shallow water	
AC	QUATIC SKILLS			and approach a victim who is facedown on the	
				surface and simulating a spinal injury. Turn the victim to a faceup position and support the	
De	monstrate each of the following aquatic skills:			victim at the surface.	
(a)	Perform a long, shallow dive into deep water				
(a)	and swim 25 yards in 20 seconds or less using			(k) Perform an ease-in entry into deep water and	
	an approach stroke.		<u> </u>	approach a victim who is floating facedown on the surface and simulating a spinal injury. Turn	
				the victim to a faceup position and maintaining	
(b)	Throw a line for accuracy 10 yards, three times			contact, swim with the victim to a corner of the	
	in one minute. The line may be weighted, unweighted, or a ring buoy.			pool or the shallow end of the pool.	
			·		
(c)	Perform a rescue of a swimmer using a			 Participate in a back-boarding procedure in shallow water. 	
	rowboat. Explain how other watercraft common			5110110W Walt51.	
	to your area can be used to perform a rescue.			(m) Perform the requirements found in the	
	Explain the advantages and disadvantages of different craft in making rescues.			Snorkeling, BSA, award.	
(d)	Perform each of the following rescues with the			4. FIRST AID AND CPR	
	aid of a rescue tube:			(a) Show evidence of the ability to perform the	
	(1) Using a front approach, swim with the			skills and a knowledge of the subjects covered	
	rescue tube 15 yards to a conscious,			in the First Aid merit badge.	
	passive victim; extend the rescue tube to			(b) Observed by sould show of the property was far	
	the victim; have the victim grasp the rescue			(b) Show a knowledge of the procedures for treating a near drowning, of the universal	
	tube; and tow the victim back to the starting point in the water.			precautions for bloodborne pathogens, of	
	point in the water.			personal health protection, and of aquatics-	
	(2) Using a front approach, swim with the			related first aid.	
	rescue tube 15 yards to a conscious,			(c) Have current certification in basic cardio-	
	passive victim; wrap the tube around the			pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) from the	
	victim; and tow the victim back to the starting point in the water. Repeat using			American Heart Association, the American	
	the rear approach.			Red Cross, or the National Safety Council.	
(e)	Perform a stride jump into water at least 9 feet			5. EXAMINATION	
	deep; swim 15 yards to an unconscious victim; perform a front surface approach; position the			(a) Demonstrate an understanding of aquatics	
	victim for a wrist tow; and tow the victim to the			program and emergency-management skills	
	starting point in the water.			by correctly answering 80 percent of the	
<i>(</i> r)	Desferre a la constante de la c			questions in a written or oral exam on theory	
(f)	Perform a long shallow dive into water at least			and knowledge (the standard BSA Lifeguard examination).	
	9 feet deep; swim 15 yards to the rear of the victim; position the victim in either a single- or				
	double-armpit tow; and tow the victim to the			6. PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE	
	starting point in the water.		·		
1-1	have to attract into a state of the state of the			(a) Explain how to guard each of the following	
(g)	Jump feetfirst into water at least 9 feet deep; using a rear approach swim 15 yards to an			activities:	
	active victim; contact the victim and level him			(1) Recreational swim (general swim)	
	or her using a single- or double-armpit town;			(2) Unit swim	
	position the victim in a cross-chest carry; and			(3) Instructional swim	
	return to the starting point in the water.		·	(4) Boating activity	
(h)	Perform the following defenses and escapes:			(5) Special event	
(11)	 (1) One- and two-hand block 				
			·	(b) Serve as a lifeguard, under supervision, for at	
	(2) Wrist-grip escape		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	least two swimming activities (2 to 3 hours total).	
	(3) Rear head-hold escape				

Counselor's Initials